§14.12 Principal types of unallowable

Claims that ordinarily will not be allowed include:

- (a) Loss or damage totaling less than \$25:
- (b) Money or currency, except when deposited with an authorized government agency for safekeeping;
- (c) Loss or damage to an item of extraordinary value or to an antique where the item was shipped with household goods, unless the employee filed a valid appraisal or authentication with the carrier prior to shipment of the item;
- (d) Loss of bankbooks, checks, notes, stock certifications, money orders, or travelers checks;
- (e) Property owned by the United States unless the employee is financially responsible for it to another government agency;
- (f) Claims for loss or damage to a bicycle or a private motor vehicle, unless allowable under §14.11(b)(6);
 - (g) Losses of insurers or subrogees;
- (h) Losses recoverable from insurers or carriers;
- (i) Losses recovered or recoverable pursuant to contract;
- (j) Claims for damage or loss caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent or wrongful acts of the employee or his/her agent;
- (k) Property used for personal business or profit;
- (1) Theft from the possession of the employee unless the employee took reasonable precautions to protect the item from theft;
- (m) Property acquired, possessed or transported in violation of law or regulations:
 - (n) Unserviceable property; or
- (o) Damage or loss to an item during shipment of household goods where the damage or loss was caused by the employee's negligence in packing the item.

§ 14.13 Items fraudulently claimed.

Where the EPA Claims Officer determines that an employee has intentionally misrepresented the cost, condition, cost of repair or a material fact concerning a claim, he/she may, at his discretion, deny the entire amount claimed for the item. Further, where

the EPA Claims Officer determines that the employee intentionally has materially misrepresented the costs, conditions or nature of repairs of the claim, he will refer it to appropriate officials (e.g., Inspector General, the employee's supervisor, etc.) for action.

§14.14 Computation of award.

- (a) The amount awarded on any item may not exceed its adjusted cost. Adjusted cost is either the purchase price of the item or its value at the time of acquisition, less appropriate depreciation. The amount normally payable for property damaged beyond economical repair is its depreciated value immediately before the loss or damage, less any salvage value. If the cost of repair is less than the depreciated value, it will be considered to be economically repairable and only the cost of repair will be allowable.
- (b) Notwithstanding a contract to the contrary, the representative of an employee is limited by 31 U.S.C. 3721(i) to receipt of not more than 10 percent of the amount of an award under this part for services related to the claim. A person violating this paragraph is subject to a fine of not more than \$1,000. 31 U.S.C. 3721(i).

PART 16—IMPLEMENTATION OF PRIVACY ACT OF 1974

Sec.

16.1 Purpose and scope.

16.2 Definitions.

- 16.3 Procedures for accessing, correcting, or amending personal records.
- 16.4 Times, places, and requirements for identification of individuals making requests.
- 16.5 Request for correction or amendment of record.
- 16.6 Initial decision on request for access to, or correction or amendment of, records.
- 16.7 The appeal process.
- 16.8 Special procedures: Medical Records.
- 16.9 Fees.

16.10 Penalties.

16.11 General exemptions.

16.12 Specific exemptions.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301, 552a (as revised).

SOURCE: 71 FR 234, Jan. 4, 2006, unless otherwise noted.